[First Reprint] ASSEMBLY RESOLUTION No. 230 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 218th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED MARCH 5, 2019

Sponsored by: Assemblyman ANDREW ZWICKER District 16 (Hunterdon, Mercer, Middlesex and Somerset) Assemblyman ROY FREIMAN District 16 (Hunterdon, Mercer, Middlesex and Somerset) Assemblywoman NANCY J. PINKIN District 18 (Middlesex)

Co-Sponsored by: Assemblyman McKeon, Assemblywoman Reynolds-Jackson, Assemblyman Conaway and Assemblywoman Jasey

SYNOPSIS

Urges federal government to ratify Treaty on the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons and pursue other measures to reduce danger of nuclear war.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As reported by the Assembly Science, Innovation and Technology Committee on March 11, 2019, with amendments.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 5/24/2019)

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1 AN ASSEMBLY RESOLUTION urging the federal government to 2 pursue a broad range of measures to reduce the danger of nuclear 3 war and to ratify the Treaty on the Prohibition of Nuclear 4 Weapons. 5 6 WHEREAS, Nuclear weapons are the most destructive weapons ever 7 created by mankind, with immense destructive capacity and lingering radiation effects after detonation; and 8 WHEREAS, More than '[ninety] 90^{1} percent of these weapons are in 9 the hands of the United States and Russia, and the rest are held by 10 seven other countries: China, France, Israel, India, Pakistan, North 11 Korea, and the United Kingdom; and 12 13 WHEREAS, Since the height of the Cold War, the United States has 14 reduced its active weapons by more than 25,000 nuclear warheads, 15 but about 4,000 still exist, almost 2,000 of which are on alert for 16 use at short notice; and 17 WHEREAS, A large-scale nuclear war would cause hundreds of 18 millions of casualties and cause unimaginable environmental 19 damage, and create catastrophic climate disruption by dropping temperatures across the planet to levels that would cause crop 20 21 failures and mass starvation; and 22 WHEREAS, Under current ¹[U.S.] <u>federal</u>¹ law, the President has the 23 authority to unilaterally initiate the use of a nuclear weapon; and 24 WHEREAS, The power of the United States' stockpile of nuclear weapons is too devastating and the result of their use 1 [to] too¹ 25 irrevocable to be left to the sole authority of the President; and 26 WHEREAS, Renouncing the option of launching a first strike with 27 28 nuclear weapons would reduce tension and make a nuclear 29 exchange between the United States and another country less likely; 30 and 31 WHEREAS, These weapons are placed on hair-trigger alert, meaning 32 that the likelihood of an accidental launch or a launch as a result of 33 an international misunderstanding is highly possible; and WHEREAS, The planned expenditure of about \$500 billion over the 34 35 next decade to maintain and enhance our nuclear arsenal, including ¹[by developing and deploying] the development and deployment 36 of¹ new nuclear weapons and broadening the conditions for use, 37 will not only increase the risk of nuclear disaster, but fuel a global 38 arms race and divert crucial resources needed to assure the well-39 being of the American people and people all over the world; and 40 41 WHEREAS, The Treaty on the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons was 42 adopted by the United Nations in July of 2017 and, to date, has 43 been signed by 70 countries, and prohibits the development, testing, 44 production, stockpiling, transfer, use, and threat of use of nuclear

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in **bold-faced brackets** [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined <u>thus</u> is new matter.

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:

¹Assembly AST committee amendments adopted March 11, 2019.

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1 weapons, and sets out procedures for nuclear-armed signatories to 2 destroy their existing nuclear stockpile; and 3 WHEREAS, The United States, as well as the other nuclear weapon 4 ¹[states] <u>countries</u>¹, are not yet signatories to this treaty; and WHEREAS, These actions would be a major step toward eliminating 5 6 the existence of nuclear weapons, which pose an intolerable risk to 7 human survival, especially if the United States pursues an 8 agreement among nuclear-armed states to eliminate their arsenals; 9 now, therefore, 10 11 BE IT RESOLVED by the General Assembly of the State of New 12 Jersey: 13 1. ¹[The General Assembly of the State of New Jersey] <u>This</u> 14 15 House¹ urges the federal government to spearhead a global effort to prevent nuclear war by renouncing the option of using nuclear 16 weapons ¹in a¹ first ¹strike¹, ending the President's sole authority to 17 launch a nuclear attack, taking ¹[U.S.] <u>the</u>¹ nuclear weapons ¹<u>of the</u> 18 19 <u>United States</u>¹ off hair-trigger alert, ¹[and]¹ canceling the plan to replace its entire nuclear arsenal with enhanced ¹nuclear¹ weapons, 20 and actively ¹[pursue] <u>pursuing</u>¹ a verifiable agreement among 21 nuclear-armed states to eliminate their nuclear arsenals. 22 23 2. ¹[The General Assembly of the State of New Jersey] This 24 House¹ urges the President and the Senate of the United States to 25 26 ratify the Treaty on the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons. 27 3. Copies of this resolution, as filed with the Secretary of State, 28 29 shall be transmitted by the Clerk of the General Assembly to the 30 President of the United States, the Majority and Minority Leaders of 31 the United States Senate, the Speaker and Minority Leader of the 32 United States House of Representatives, and each member of 33 Congress elected thereto from New Jersey.